

ANSWERS

Departmental Model Test Paper - 2012

English - Paper I

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1. (i) Rising
(ii) Repaired
(iii) Understand
(iv) Challenging
(v) Achievement
 2. (i) Few
(ii) Kindness
(iii) Respectful
(iv) Calmness
(v) Deprived
 3. Closed-circuit television
 4. We will set sail for Japan next week.
 5. If you take the elevator to the tenth floor you will find the office. (or)
If you take the escalator to the tenth floor you will find the office.
 6. Car park
 7. loci
 8. She was mis taken for his mother.
 9. look up
 10. a) Ag – ri – cul – ture (4)
b) mo – nu – ment (3)
c) du – ties (2)
 11. He likes to watch his favourite TV serial the whole hour.
 12. a) He took earnest effort to pass the exam.
b) He studied earnestly to pass the exam

- c) He has no earnestness in his studies.
13. The teacher defined a formula through an illustration.
 14. These are the students successful only in the Mathematics test.
 15. If the driver had been alert the accident could have been avoided.
 16. S V O A
 17. Students should be allowed to use the library everyday shoudn't they?
 18. No other girl in the class is as clever as Kamala.
 19. Everyone can remember how India won her freedom.
 20. In spite of the rain, the match continued.
 21. He agreed to buy me a computer
 22. The farmers were keen on harvesting the fields before the monsoon.
 23. I have brought you a collection of the award winning books of this year.
 24. The people stood along the road to watch the procession go by.
 25. When Anand heard that he had won the first prize, he jumped with joy.
 26. My pencil had been sharpened and it had been used to sketch the diagram by me.
 27. Pritam said to the shopkeeper, "Will you exchange the defective torch which I bought from you yesterday?"
 28. If the glass falls, it will break.
 29. Nina is the shortest of all in the family .(or)
Mohan is the tallest of all in the family .(or)
Smitha is taller than Kumar (or)
No one is as tall as Mohan in the family.
 30. The teacher said, "Be sure to turn off the lights when you leave the room."
 31. The beggar was Baron Hausberg. He was one of the richest men in Europe. The old man had a face like wrinkled parchment with a most piteous expression on it. He had tattered and a coarse cloak flung on his shoulders, and his th boots were patched and cobbled. With one hand he leant on a rough stick while with e other he held out his battered hat for alms. So, he mistaken him as a beggar.

32. Even in concentration camps, there were poetry, music and visual art. The camps were without money, without hope, without commerce, without recreation, without basic respect, but they were not without art. Art is part of survival. Oliver Messiaen, despite being in the prison never lost hope in music. He believed that art is a part of survival and also believed that it brought some meaning into life.
33. Everyone is a student from the cradle to the grave. We learn something at every stage of our life. There is no end to studenthood in our life. We must always be enthusiastic in learning newer things and also have the hunger to learn more, the thirst to prove ourselves,
ize our responsibilities. We must become a paradigm to those around us. Developing character and knowledge are the main things to learn during student hood. You have to acquire a character which will be useful for all the people amidst whom you move and for whom you are expected to work.
34. If the Himalayan glaciers melt, the river beds of the rivers like Ganga, Yamuna will get dried up soon and we're going to see rising tension over shared water resources, including political disputes between farmers, cities, and between human and ecological demands for water.
35. Millions of women, men and children — India's large force of domestic workers, or "servants" as most people call them remain unseen, undervalued and deprived of the rights that all workers deserve. This makes them invisible.
36. Information regarding the migration of birds has seen a new development in the form of ringing young and adult birds. Ringing is done by capturing a bird and placing on its leg a light band of metal or plastic. The band bears a number, date, identification mark and the address to which the finder is requested to return the ring. The bird is then set free.

The place where such a bird is shot, captured or found dead, gives a clue to the direction and locality to which the bird has migrated. Ringing has proved the fact that birds cover large distances.
37. The Brihadeesvarar Temple, the towering Vimanam, the shrine for Lord Muruga, the walled fortress, the huge Shiva Linga and the pillared cloisters are the contributions of the Cholas towards art and culture..
38. a) Hughie, out of kindness, bestowed the only sovereign he had after rummaging his pocket to the old man posing as beggar for money. He was later informed that the old man was not a beggar in real but was a friend of the painter. He was Baron Hausberg. Hughie feared an adverse reaction from the Baron, but the very next day a servant was sent from the Baron with a cheque of ten thousand pounds as a present to Hughie so that he could ask the Colonel for his daughter's hand in marriage. In this way, Baron Hausburg prove to be a 'model millionaire'.

- b) Bird Migration is the regular seasonal journey undertaken by many **species** of birds. At a particular season, thousands of birds travel from one place to another. Every year, during autumn and early winter, birds travel from their **breeding haunts** in the northern regions of Asia, Europe and America to the southern, warmer lands. They make the return journey again during spring and early summer. Birds generally prefer to travel in flocks because they like staying together with their kind and also for protection purposes. During their flight, they are in contact with each other. They form a “v” shape during their flight. Throughout their migration they follow a definite course and some travel very long distances without even stopping anywhere. They travel thousands of kilometers to avoid the extreme conditions of summer and winter. Not all birds reach their destination safely, some get injured during their flight and some lose their life too. Some become prey to weather conditions, confusing lights and also exhaustion. On the whole, they migrate for food and protection from extreme weather conditions. There are still some unsolved problems to mysterious questions on bird migration.
- c) People with good character will do better in the long run. They will probably have a good job and good life. People with bad character may be popular but they don't have spine and will not do well in real life. John Todd says “A good heart, benevolent feelings, and a balanced mind, lie at the foundation of character”. A man of prejudices and superstitions cannot be a man of character. Character is the sum of those qualities, actions and tendencies which distinguish one man from another.
39. a) The globe's my world. The cloud's my kin
I care not where the skies begin;
I spread my wings through all the din;
Through fears and fright I fly my flight.
No walls for me, no vigil gates,
- b) We heard, we knew we heard the brook.
A note as from a single place,
A slender tinkling fall that made
Now drops that floated on the pool
Like pearls, and now a silver blade.
40. a) **The poet** (D.H. Lawrence) is the child referred here.
- b) The mother **smiles at the child**.

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41. Triumph and disaster are **not permanent**.
 42. Then **they saw the brook** according to this line.
 43. They **keep on bending** while they work for a long time.
 44. **Kin-din** are the rhyming words
 45. The rhyming scheme is '**a b a b**'
 46. **w**ith, **w**ood and **w**e are alliterated.
 47. **Simile** is the figure of speech employed here. The flower is compared with the snow.
 48. **Apostrophe (A special form of Personification)** is employed here.
 49. a) A Millionaire lives with a have-not side by side. The contrast between both of them is shown by the word splendor which means a rich person in this context and gloom here refers to the poor person. Rich men are compared to a selfish, vile creature that always preys on the poor for the sake of money. They rob the poor of their wealth and stash them. The millionaire here is described as one who is unmindful and blind to the basic needs of the have-nots and though he witnesses all their deprived conditions, he keeps conglomerating his wealth. The poet in this poem rightly refers to the rich man's saving as a misbegotten pile. It belongs to the poor but the rich wipe them away of their riches.

The more a millionaire has, the more he wants to pile up. Greediness in him is the principal reason for all the problems of the poor.
 - b) In the present poem, the poet Robert Frost describes his boyhood experience of running for water from dry well to a brook in the woods. It was evening by the time the children reached the woods and the moon was just beginning to dawn behind the trees and it was a pleasant sight to watch. The season was autumn, and all this happened on an autumn evening. They ran into the woods as fast as they could and after sometime they stopped as they heard a faint sound of the brook. They at last found the brook with its clear water. It looked like a silver blade as it reflected the moon's light and also that with its slender tinkling waterfall made it look like that. There were drops of water all over. This poem symbolizes the human search for water in urban life.
 - c) The poet praises the art and skill of a sculptor as he carves out a deity from a rough uncut rock. The various sounds made by the hammer differs from a steady beat to a staccato rhythm to a harmonic cacophony. The sculptor is totally engrossed in his work and his mood varies according to his thoughts which is reflected in the tempo of his work. The poet highlights the experience and expertise of the artist and refers to his sculptures as heirlooms which have become symbols for our tradition and culture. He

completes his work and gives a final scrutiny to appreciate and feel proud of his creations. God created man in his own image and man by his skill and imagination gives God an image in human form.

50. a) Necessary
- b) It shapes our mind to religious, social and economic patterns. This makes a man an active citizen.
- c) Children don't understand the meaning of discipline. They merely long for unlimited freedom.
- d) An athlete disciplines himself and keeps himself fit. He refrains from smoking, observes good food habits and keeps good health.
- e) Discipline increases the human energy and implies control, resistance and adjustment.
51. a) My uncle is the richest man in the village.
- b) Many people behave rudely now-a-days.
- c) An American lives near my house.
- d) The dog fell into the river.
- e) Each of the cycles is damaged.
52. a) People are riding on a motorbike.
- b) There are three persons on the motorbike.
- c) No, It should not carry more than two persons, because it is designed only for two.
- d) It may lead to accident.
- e) I would advise him not to do so.